

THE PHENOMENON OF HUMAN DIFFERENCE: SURGEON-INVENTOR, SCIENTIST-RESEARCHER, WRITER-PROSE WRITER VINOKUROV I.I.

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«YOU ARE NOT BORN A PERSON, YOU BECOME A PERSON».

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Annotation. Nature-oriented upbringing and significant moments of life that accompanied Innokenty Innokentyevich Vinokurov from childhood became the basis for the formation of his personality as a surgeon, scientist, and writer. The formation of a professional's personality took place in the extreme conditions of the Far North, then in the team of a large scientific institution, which motivated the search for health-saving methods of surgical interventions and constant self-improvement of the level of one's qualifications. An innovative approach to professional activity has become the core of many scientific discoveries and inventions. Achievement of qualitatively significant results in the field of practical surgery, organization of the health care system, scientific activities were successfully combined with the development of the creative potential of I. Vinokurov as a writer. Bright literary works created by a talented writer are evidence of the versatility of his talent. The source of his success was not only natural talent, character traits, but also love for his native land and for his people. The life of a multifaceted personality was brutally interrupted by the terrible epidemic of the 21st century caused by the new coronavirus infection COVID-19. The study of the personality of the outstanding son of the Evenk people I. Vinokurov. is an actual topic of scientific knowledge of various fields of science.

Key words: Innokenty Innokentyevich Vinokurov, multifaceted personality, surgeon, innovative methods of surgical interventions, thoracic surgery, invention, pulmonary tuberculosis, morphogenesis of various types of tuberculomas.

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Many works of Russian scientists have been devoted to the study of the generalized image of a person in Russia, among which are the works of psychologists: S.L. Rubinstein, M.K. Mamardashvili, A.N. Leontyev, I.B. Kotova, philosophers: M.M. Bakhtina, T.A. Romanova and others. Their common goal was the synthesis of knowledge about a person, the formation of a holistic understanding of a person as a person. So, according to A.N. Leontyev, personality arises as a result of the hierarchization of the system of activities, which is a quality, not a given. M.K. Mamardashvili believed that the main condition the process of human development is his ability for independent creative activity, the results of which enrich and develop the social experience of mankind. One of the founders of personality theory S.L. Rubinstein believed that human activity, due to its social nature, becomes conscious, since the actions included in his activity serve to satisfy not his personal, but social needs. Philosophical view of T.A. Romanova boils down to the fact that, thanks to activity, the personality develops and fulfills various social roles in society.

Thus, modern studies of the human phenomenon are based on the scientific humanistic concept that social, biological and moral-spiritual principles are organically combined in a person. In this regard, it is possible to build an image of a person only by revealing the fundamental moments of his life, individual, unique manifestations of his human nature¹.

What are the fundamental moments of life, what abilities for independent creative activity formed the

basis for the formation of the personality of I.I. We will try to reveal Vinokurov in this article.

The life that Innokenty Innokentyevich lived was not only bright and eventful, but also unique from childhood, which is characterized by the epithet "for the first time".

He was born on August 03, 1950 in the village. Sukhana of the Oleneksky ulus is the firstborn in the family of the famous reindeer breeder of the ulus Innokurov Innokenty Afanasyevich and Ivanova Tatyana Khristoforovna. Attachment to his parents, an exceptionally warm and reverent attitude towards his mother, largely determined his life values from childhood. In 1955, when the family of the best reindeer breeder I.A. entrusted to accompany the detachment of geologists through the impassable places of the northern taiga, Tatyana Khristoforovna refused to leave her 4-year-old son Keshka and decided to take him with her to the detachment. So, by the will of fate, Innokenty Innokentyevich became the smallest member of the geological team, as VN Shchukin, who headed one of the geological teams of Party No. 167 of the Amakinsky expedition at the beginning of June 1955: "... with us was Keshka the little son of reindeer breeders Innokenty and Tatyana Vinokurov (looking ahead I will say that he did an excellent job of the entire route in a cradle on a reindeer, never got sick and never was a hindrance to us ... Now he works as a doctor)"².

Detachment V. N. Shchukin opened the Udachnaya kimberlite pipe on June 15, 1955, and a month later opened the Sytykansskaya pipe. So Innokenty Innokentyevich became not only a participant in the

diamond epic, but also a pioneer. In all likelihood, it was during these years that the first social experience was laid, which influenced the formation of his personality, which was reflected in his book "Deer paths to the diamond deposits of Yakutia." In it, for the first time, he noted the contribution of the Olenek people to the formation of the diamond industry, describing the exhausting work of reindeer herders-guides and sharing warm memories of the pioneer geologists who left indelibly good impressions in his childhood memory. "The pioneering geologists of the fifties walked, as the song says, behind the fogs and behind the smell of taiga, like real romantics ... Many of them were very young, but they were distinguished by independence, responsibility and obsession with new ideas"³. In these words of the author of the book lies the unique ability of a person to evaluate and adopt positive experience in the context of events that are significant for his life.

At first glance, Innokenty Innokentyevich's school years were no different from the hundreds of school years of his peers. However, every spring he anxiously waited for his parents to take him with them to the reindeer herd. That special feeling that he experienced, wandering with his family across the endless expanses of the tundra, was the basis of his nature-oriented upbringing, which formed in him a real northern character. An unforgettable vacation in Crimea, in the famous Eaglet camp at that time, left no less vivid impressions in his life. The guy, who had missed the wandering of the tundra with his parents all winter, left his familiar world for

¹ Kotova I.B. Ontological versatility of a person and the forms of his existence as the basis of an anthropological approach in psychology // News of the Southern Federal University. Psychological sciences. -2005. No. 7 (51). P.175.

² There were also the everyday life of the diamond region. Yakutsk book publishing house. - 1979. -- 219 s.

³ Vinokurov I.I. Deer paths to the diamond deposits of Yakutia. - Yakutsk: Publishing house Bichik. - 2007. - 80 p.

the first time, and found himself in a completely different atmosphere, a different way of life. It was all for him for the first time: he flew in an airplane for the first time, saw Moscow for the first time, swam in the sea for the first time, tasted vegetables and fruits for the first time. But very quickly he found friends, the creative principle woke up in him and began to develop: the figure of a deer, made by his hands from plasticine, became the winner of the competition. This vacation has enriched his personality with new content.

After graduating from Olenek high school, he entered the medical faculty of the Yakutsk State University. A special craving for mastering his favorite profession formed the basis of his personal qualities as a future professional. The course, where Innokenty Innokentyevich studied for 6 long years and did not break ties until the last days of his life, was bright and memorable, which could not but affect the formation of Innokenty Innokentyevich as a surgeon and scientist.

After graduating from the medical faculty of YSU and an internship at Tbilisi State University, he was the first of the Olenek residents to master the most complex specialization of medicine-surgery and began his career in his native Olenek ulus, later becoming the chief physician of the district hospital. In those days, the fate of the entire population depended on the professionalism of the only surgeon in the Arctic region, on the actions of the chief physician of the Far North region, where the only transport link was an airplane. Therefore, the formation of the personality of a professional took place in extreme conditions, when a doctor's mistake could lead to an irreparable tragedy. But Innokenty Innokentyevich not only withstood, but also became a prom-

ising organizer of health care, who in 1980 was sent by the Ministry of Health of Yakutia to a clinical residency in surgery at the 2nd Moscow State Medical Institute. N.I. Pirogov. While studying in residency, he first showed research talent in such a complex field of medicine as surgery. And this hobby became the meaning of his entire subsequent life - serving science in the name of human health.

In 1985, in order to seriously engage in science, Innokenty Innokentyevich and his family moved to Yakutsk and began to work at the Phthisiology Research Center (YANIIT), where his talent as a promising researcher, a leading thoracic surgeon, organizer of phthiosurgical service and chief freelance thoracic surgeon of the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Sakha (Yakutia). Under his leadership, the material and technical base of the department of thoracic surgery is being improved, 3 large operating rooms, equipped with modern surgical and anesthetic equipment, appear. The system of work of the surgical department was successfully organized: in the first block for 25 beds, patients underwent preoperative preparation using a complex of high-tech examinations (fibrobronchoscopy, fibrogastroduodenoscopy, computed tomography of the lungs and mediastinal organs, ultrasound of the heart and internal organs of the abdominal cavity, ECG, determination of the function of external respiration and other monitoring surveys). The second block for 30 beds is designed for postoperative care of patients and full-fledged complex treatment. Thus, the surgical treatment of patients with tuberculosis has become one of the effective areas of work of the NPC "Phthisiatry".

Until the last days of his life, Innokenty Innokentyevich actively

operated on patients, introducing new innovative methods of surgical interventions. Among the advanced technologies introduced by him are video-assisted resections on the lungs, purulent pleura and removal of diseases of the mediastinal organs. In order to improve the effectiveness of surgical methods of treatment, he invented new methods of surgical interventions. These include the method of simultaneous resection on both lungs through the sternum and the method of reamputation of the main bronchus from the trans-sternal, transpericardial and right lateral approaches. According to the stories of his colleagues, he approached each invention as a real creator and expert in his field, consulting with them and scrupulously analyzing all possible risks and all advantages. Until the last days of his life, he was devoted to his profession, his mission to heal and save people, while he always kept up with the times, as evidenced by the video thoscopic lung surgery he first introduced in 2020. He greatly valued the team of the NPTs "Phthisiology" in the person of A.F. Kravchenko, S.S. Torduin, V.E. Shamaev, L.F. Prokopyev, N.Kh. Afanasyev, A.S. Delyakhov. and many others. He was proud of his mentor K.P. Samsonova, Honored Doctor of the RSFSR and YaASSR, the youngest daughter of the founders of the pedagogical dynasty P.N. and N.E. Samsonov.

Being the chief freelance thoracic surgeon of the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Sakha (Yakutia), I.I. Vinokurov had a good command of the situation about the state of the health care system of the Republic of Sakha (Yakutia) in the supervised profile, analyzed the main indicators of the activity of thoracic surgery, determined the level and structure of operations, predicted possible subjective and objective reasons in-

fluencing the outcome of treatment of patients. He believed that the republic additionally required general thoracic surgeons for 4 staff units. And in his opinion, the low surgical activity of thoracic surgeons in relation to patients with nonspecific lung diseases is associated with the lack of a specialized department in the republic, which would become a center for the provision of high-tech operations.

I.I. Vinokurov devoted all 44 years of his working life to such a complex branch of medicine as surgery, of which 35 years - to medical science. He is the author of over 120 scientific papers devoted to topical problems of phthisiosurgery. In 1994, at the Moscow Research Institute of Tuberculosis, under the leadership of Doctor of Medical Sciences, Professor, Chief Phthisiologist of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation V.P. Streltsova Innokentyevich defended his Ph.D. thesis on the topic: "Features of the clinic and tactics of surgical treatment of patients with pulmonary tuberculosis in the North." And in 2012, at the Novosibirsk Research Institute of Tuberculosis under the scientific supervision of doctors of medical sciences: T.A. Kolpakova and V.A. Krasnova successfully defended his doctoral dissertation: "Tuberculomas of the lungs in the conditions of the Far North region on the example of Yakutia." He was the first to study the prevalence of pulmonary tuberculosis in different natural and economic zones of the Far North.

As a result, conducted by I.I. Vinokurov. A large-scale study was for the first time studied in the Far North the influence of the characteristics of the course of tuberculosis on

the morphogenesis of various types of tuberculosis, which made it possible to determine the formation of predominantly homogeneous tuberculosis in the inhabitants of the region (71.3%). For the first time in the North, both in the indigenous and newcomer population, the relationship between the formation of types of tuberculosis with immunogenetic, biochemical, clinical manifestations of the disease, the progression of the tuberculosis process, bacterial excretion and the development of drug resistance of mycobacterium tuberculosis was determined. For the first time, a new method was developed for the introduction of anti-tuberculosis drugs into the internal thoracic vein with simultaneous exposure to galvanic current in the projection of the affected lung segments, which significantly increases the concentration of drugs in the inflammation zone and shortens the preparation time for patients for surgical interventions. For the first time, a new technical solution, available and effective, method of sealing the stump of the main bronchus by covering the mechanical suture with a plastic material on the stem from the membranous part of the bronchus, immersing and hermetically strengthening the stump with interrupted sutures, thereby reducing the risk of developing bronchial fistula, was proposed. For the first time, indications for the use of surgical interventions were determined depending on the characteristics of the pathogenesis and morphogenesis of tuberculomas with pulmonary pneumolysis, which made it possible to reduce the likelihood of postoperative complications by 6.3 times. Also, for the first time, a clinical and morphological rationale was given for the use of an individ-

ualized chemotherapy regimen and indications for surgical treatment of patients with pulmonary tuberculomas, which made it possible to increase the effectiveness of treatment to 98.7% and reduce the likelihood of tuberculosis reactivation in the future (OR = 7.02; 95% CI: 1.47 - 45.9).

Innokenty Innokentyevich is the author of 2 monographs, 4 patents of the Russian Federation, 6 guidelines and manuals for doctors. His practical manuals for phthisiatricians, surgeons, immunologists were compiled on the basis of extensive scientific and practical experience. Thus, in the manual for doctors "Influence of the HLA phenotype on the clinical course and treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis in patients of the Yakut population", a clinical assessment of the influence of genetically predisposed pathogenetic mechanisms is presented, which allows not only to predict the course of the tuberculosis process, but also to determine "adequate schemes of intensive chemotherapy and optimal terms of surgical treatment"⁴.

The personality of I.I. Vinokurov manifested itself in a wide variety of creative directions: creating small sculptures from stone, composing lyric poems and author's melodies. But his most serious creative hobby was writing in the genre of historical novels. From childhood he was interested in history, he especially loved to immerse himself in the history of the origin of states, peoples, including the small peoples of the north. So in 2013 his novel in Russian "Love in Yaranga" was published, which, according to the people's writer of Yakutia, A.V. Krivoschapkina became "the first novel in modern Evenk literature." Indeed, the novel received

⁴ Vinokurov I.I. "Influence of the HLA phenotype on the clinical course and treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis in patients of the Yakut population." A guide for doctors. Yakutsk: Publishing house of the Yakutsk State University. - 2007.14 p.

recognition not only among the Yakut people, but also among residents of other regions, who shared their reviews from different cities, which he, as a creative person, was very happy about. So, Andrei Ladik, a reader from Omsk, after reading the novel "Love in the Yaranga" shared: "Today I finished the book" Love in the Yaranga ". I liked the book, I read it in 3 days, usually I read the book for 6-7 days. I especially liked the parts of the novel describing Sortus's hunt for a polar bear and his meeting with Bigfoot ... this is exactly the heroic epic of tumats, odules, habits and luoravetlan ... Thank you very much for the opportunity to touch the history of the peoples of the North. Small particles make up a big story! "

In 2016, II Vinokurov published his second novel in the Yakut language "Us Sakha Tordo" ("Ancestors of the Yakuts"). The Yakut-speaking reader liked the novel with a new understanding of the history of the people, and received positive feedback from readers. For example, P.D. Ammosova wrote: "Byraas uustuk

uletin toloro syldyan manyk dirin is khoyonnooh nomogu suruikutun naaa sogo-mahtaya sanaatym!" And a few days before his sudden illness, he completed work on his new novel "The Golden Empire of the Tungus" Aisin Gurun ", without having time to publish it for a wide range of readers. The novel is based on historical events of bygone days and, having seen the light, will surely find its reader.

Thus, the phenomenon of the versatility of Innokenty Vinokurov's personality lies not only in his natural talent, but also in the active manifestation of significant events in his life in the form of scientific discoveries, unique methods of treatment, unique literary works and boundless love for his people, his native land. The main features of his character were: strength and firmness, tolerance and respect, exceptional diligence and a refined perception of the surrounding reality.

He always had his own point of view on events, phenomena and processes, and, despite wide pub-

lic recognition and success, in life he was an exceptionally modest, responsive, decent and easy-going person. He was loved and revered, his opinion was listened to not only by colleagues, friends, relatives, but also by the public. Therefore, on June 21, 2020, everyone was shocked that, having devoted more than forty years to healing people, Innokenty Innokentyevich became a victim of a terrible epidemic of the 21st century, which took away the most precious thing - his life.

The formation of the personality of Vinokurov I.I., Doctor of Medical Sciences, Honored Doctor of the Republic of Sakha (Yakutia), Chief Freelance Thoracic Surgeon of the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Sakha (Yakutia), Honorary Citizen of the Olenek National Evenk District, a member of the Writers' Union of Russia, a bright and gifted son of the northern region requires further study and can become an urgent topic of scientific knowledge of various fields of science.

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